



Food & Bio Cluster Denmark Impact Framework



Food & Bio Cluster
Denmark

In June 2025, AgriFoodTure and Food & Bio Cluster Denmark merged. Following the merger, it was decided to keep Food & Bio Cluster Denmark as the name of the merged organization. The organisation has taken over the formal role as host of Innomission 3 (previously AgriFoodTure).

Going forward the mission will be addressed as Food & Bio Cluster Denmark.

This Impact Framework is the result of strategic work with the Food & Bio Cluster Board of Directors, including a full-day workshop, a separate Board task-force, interviews with Roadmap Track Leads, previous applications to Innovation Fund Denmark and a mapping of projects within each of the three inflection points initiated between 2022-2025. Pluss Leadership has assisted in the development of the framework.

An Impact Framework for Food & Bio Cluster Denmark

An important strategic tool

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark has developed an Impact Framework that defines how the mission and project portfolio contribute to achieving the roadmap goals. By linking long-term ambitions with current priorities and decisions, the framework serves as a central strategic tool for guiding investments, portfolio development, and organisational learning.

The creation of the Food & Bio Cluster Denmark Impact Framework

The Impact Framework builds on the [Impact Framework for Mission-oriented Innovation](#) developed by Innovation Fund Denmark, which includes

- **A North Star** setting a clear direction for the mission and balancing the many systemic considerations;
- **Three inflection points** that set out the strategic priorities for how Food & Bio Cluster Denmark can best contribute to accelerating transformations towards the North Star, and;
- **Learning needs for the enablers for change** which will focus learning within Food & Bio Cluster Denmark towards strengthening the transformative potential of the mission. Each learning need comes with its own set of milestones for 2026 and 2027.

The framework also defines focus areas for the project portfolio, with associated learning questions that will guide strategic portfolio management across both upcoming calls and the existing portfolio.

The framework will also serve as a foundation for embedding learning into Food & Bio Cluster Denmark and outline governance in order to inform and support all major strategic decisions.

Use of the Impact Framework

The Impact Framework will be used to:

1. Prioritise funding for projects with the strongest contribution to inflection points;
2. Identify portfolio gaps and guide future calls;
3. Inform decisions on continuation, scaling, or termination of projects; and
4. Ensure strategic coherence across activities, investments, and partnerships.

Food & Bio Cluster Impact Framework



North Star

Net-zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Danish agricultural and food sector by 2050

... while potentially strengthening ...

Environment

Nature

Competitive agricultural
and food sector

... without harming and with due consideration of ...

Animal welfare

Public health

Food security



Inflection points

1

Methane-reducing technologies for Danish livestock production are scalable and cost-effective given regulation by 2030

2

Plant-rich diets with low-climate impact and high-quality nutrition is the first-choice for consumers by 2050

3

Nutrient-rich crop production per hectare of agricultural land reaches its highest sustainable yield, while greenhouse gas emissions are significantly reduced, and nitrogen leaching and other environmental contaminants are minimised or completely eliminated by 2045.



Enablers for change



Multi-sectoral collaboration & Authentic engagement

Which opportunities does the merger create for strengthening cross-sector collaboration and catalysing motivation and engagement among partners, so that we support collaborations that create value and momentum in the mission?



Transparent and inclusive governance

How can we strengthen our governance by clarifying who we are as a partnership and who makes decisions on direction and projects, so that our decision-making processes are perceived as transparent, decisive, and motivating for the actors?



Strategic learning

How do we systematise the collection of information and knowledge and create a structure for ongoing analysis and learning, so that learning can be translated into both strategic and operational decisions?



Capacity development for working mission-oriented

How can we develop and integrate the mission-oriented approach in the merged organisation, so that the merger can strengthen the mission's transformative potential?



Food & Bio Cluster's North Star

Net-zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Danish agricultural and food sector by 2050, while potentially strengthening the environment, nature and a competitive food sector.

The primary goal of Food & Bio Cluster Denmark is to work towards a future where the Danish agricultural and food sector is climate-neutral in order to contribute to the global effort to combat climate change. A step on the way is a 70% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030. This must be done in a way that acknowledges how agricultural and food production is deeply embedded in larger systems. Hence, the mission partnership aims at simultaneously strengthening:

- **The environment** by contributing to long-term environmental stability, climate resilience, healthy soil, and reduced pressure on land and water ecosystems;
- **Nature** by ensuring biodiversity and ecosystem balance as a stable foundation for future food systems; and
- **A competitive agricultural and food sector** by maintaining and strengthening Danish food production, support rural livelihoods, and support global exports of food, bio-based technologies and other supporting technologies.

At the same time, due consideration must be made towards animal welfare, Danish public health, and food security to prevent any harm.

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark's North Star and systemic considerations

Danish Climate Targets

70% reduction in 2030 and net zero in 2050



North Star

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Inflection points

Accelerating the transformation into a climate-neutral agricultural and food sector

An inflection point – or tipping point – is a critical moment in a change process that leads to accelerating change. The journey towards a climate-neutral agricultural and food sector is not linear, and the mission partnership will focus its efforts towards achieving three key inflection points to best catalyse change, given the strengths and resources in the partnership. First, to achieve significant greenhouse gas reductions, the partnership aims to reduce methane in, and surrounding, the existing livestock production. Second, to achieve a long-term transformation towards a net-zero agricultural and food sector, the partnership will contribute to creating consumer acceptance of a plant-rich diet by taking a food systems approach. Third, to ensure continued Danish food production and support food security and health, while minimising climate, environmental impacts, and freeing up land for nature, the partnership will optimise the nutritional value, reduce leaching to protect the groundwater and increase yields per hectare of agricultural land.

Inflection point 1:

Methane-reducing technologies for Danish livestock production are scalable and cost-effective given regulation by 2030

Methane emissions from the existing production of animal-based food must be reduced in the short term to contribute to the national 2030 target of a 70% reduction of Danish greenhouse gas emissions. The mission will work to make methane-reducing technologies scalable and cost-effective by 2030, given the introduction of a greenhouse gas tax on agricultural production. The goal is to make methane-reductions economically and practically attractive to livestock producers to enable widespread adoption, leading to substantial reductions in methane emissions from existing animal food production, while ensuring animal welfare.

Inflection point 2:

Plant-rich diets with low-climate impact and high-quality nutrition is the first-choice for consumers by 2050

The transition to plant-rich diets is a key driver in enabling the reduction of the environmental footprint of food production. The mission partnership aims to catalyse this shift by supporting projects that conduct research to understand consumer barriers and motivations, and invest in R&D to improve taste, texture, crop functionalities, affordability and the nutritional profile of plant-rich products. Focus on innovation in plant-rich diets for various population groups is vital to support public health. Increased focus on taste and price will enhance consumer acceptance and drive market demand for plant-rich diets, further accelerating the transition to a more sustainable and resilient agri-food system.

Inflection point 3:

Nutrient-rich crop production per hectare of agricultural land reaches its highest sustainable yield, while greenhouse gas emissions are significantly reduced, and nitrogen leaching and other environmental contaminants are minimised or completely eliminated by 2045.

A long-term transformation of agricultural land use is underway to meet this goal. This includes restoring peatlands, reducing nitrogen leaching, implementing greenhouse gas mitigation in livestock systems, expanding green areas and forest cover, and protecting the groundwater. To support high-yield, low-impact crop production and the transition to plant-rich foods, the mission will accelerate plant breeding efforts to develop nutrient-rich crop varieties with improved taste, functional and processing-relevant properties suited for food production. This includes breeding new varieties adapted to efficient industrial processing, contributing to higher resource efficiency across the value chain. In parallel, the mission will deploy technologies and practices that optimise nutrient yields per hectare, ensuring food security while safeguarding environmental integrity.



Focus areas under inflection points



North Star

Net-zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Danish agricultural and food sector by 2050



Inflection points

1

Methane-reducing technologies for Danish livestock production are scalable and cost-effective given regulation by 2030

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Plant-rich diets with low-climate impact and high-quality nutrition is the first-choice for consumers by 2050

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Nutrient-rich crop production per hectare of agricultural land reaches its highest sustainable yield, while greenhouse gas emissions are significantly reduced, and nitrogen leaching and other environmental contaminants are minimised or completely eliminated by 2045.



Project portfolio - Focus areas



Methane mitigation technologies for livestock

that significantly reduce methane emissions from livestock production systems

Integrated farm-level methane mitigation systems

that combine multiple existing or upcoming mitigation approaches

Circular manure and biomass systems

that transform livestock manure and biomass streams into valuable resources

Implementation pathways and adoption models

that enable rapid implementation



Ensuring a healthy, nutritious and appealing dietary transition

that supports the transition across different population groups

Engaging food system actors in dietary shifts
a food systems approach towards sustainable and plant-rich dietary patterns



Nutrient-dense crops for sustainable diets

for crop varieties with improved nutritional value

Precision and digital crop management

to optimise crop production while reducing environmental impacts

Biological and nature-based crop inputs

solutions that can replace or significantly reduce synthetic fertilisers and pesticides

Integrated and regenerative cropping systems

that improve soil health, biodiversity and climate resilience while maintaining productive agricultural land use



Focus areas and learning needs in project portfolio

The project portfolio will bring the mission closer to the inflection points through selected focus areas where projects will be initiated to deliver learning towards a specific learning question.

Some projects in the existing portfolio fit under the suggested focus areas, and they are listed accordingly.



The goal of the projects should point to one or more inflection points which makes it crucial to ensure collaboration, synergy and accumulation of learning between projects that are working towards the same inflection point.



North Star

Net-zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Danish agricultural and food sector by 2050



Inflection points



Project portfolio

Focus areas

Learning needs



Enablers for change

Learning needs

Milestones



Inflection point 1:

Methane-reducing technologies for Danish livestock production are scalable and cost-effective given regulation by 2030

Reducing methane emissions from livestock production is critical to achieving the 2030 climate targets; yet must be realised in ways that safeguard animal welfare, ensure farm-level feasibility, and align with evolving EU policy frameworks. The focus areas build on existing technological advances and shifts focus towards system integration, circular bioeconomy approaches, and rapid implementation. They are closely aligned with key EU strategies, including the European Green Deal, the Farm to Fork Strategy, the Methane Pledge, and the Bioeconomy Strategy, as well as the Danish Green Tripartite Agreement, all of which emphasise emissions reduction, resource efficiency, and high standards of animal welfare.

Methane mitigation technologies for livestock - developing and validating new or existing technologies in a Danish environment to significantly reduce methane emissions from livestock production systems.

How can we develop, scale, or address barriers to, technologies that reduce methane emissions from livestock production while maintaining animal welfare and ensuring economically viable solutions for farmers facing emission regulation?

- ✓ Existing projects: MABICOW, InterFlow, PERMA, PERMA-BAO, PERMA FS MEPS, GrassProtein, LOWHIGH, CH4VENT, Nitrification of Digestate, DEEP_LITT

Integrated farm-level methane mitigation systems - combining multiple existing or upcoming mitigation approaches at farm level to maximise methane reduction while maintaining productivity and animal welfare.

How can we demonstrate, scale, or address barriers to, integrated farm-level solutions that combine existing or upcoming technologies such as feed strategies, breeding, housing systems and digital monitoring to achieve effective and scalable methane reductions?

- ✓ Existing projects: DAIRYCLIMATE, LowCLIC, BioFed, FarmCH4Track, ClimateReach



Inflection point 1:

Methane-reducing technologies for Danish livestock production are scalable and cost-effective given regulation by 2030

Circular manure and biomass systems - transforming livestock manure, biomass, general waste and other sidestreams into valuable resources within circular bioeconomy systems.

How can we develop, scale, or address barriers to, livestock housing and manure management systems that reduce methane emissions and nitrogen losses while enabling livestock manure, biomass, other waste, and sidestreams to be utilised as resources in circular energy and bio-based value chains?

✓ Existing projects: LOWHIGH, CH4VENT, Nitrification of Digestate, DEEP_LITT

Implementation pathways and adoption models - designing systems that enable rapid implementation of methane-reducing solutions before 2030.

How can we demonstrate or scale implementation pathways and adoption models such as business models, incentive structures and implementation strategies that accelerate the uptake of methane-reducing technologies in livestock production, while accounting for rebound effects?

✓ No current projects





Inflection point 2:

Plant-rich diets with low-climate impact and high-quality nutrition is the first-choice for consumers by 2050

The focus areas address a dual and interconnected challenge: reducing the climate footprint of food consumption while enabling a transition towards healthier diets through plant-rich, sustainable food choices. Achieving this shift requires coordinated action across the food system, from plant breeding and primary production to product development and to consumption, as well as addressing behavioural, cultural, and structural barriers. This work is aligned with key EU policy frameworks, including the European Green Deal and the Farm to Fork Strategy, which emphasise the transition to sustainable, healthy diets with lower environmental impact.

Ensuring a healthy, nutritious and appealing dietary transition - supporting the transition to healthy, nutritious and plant-rich diets with low climate impact across different population groups and life stages.

How can we support dietary transitions that not only meet the nutritional needs of different population groups, but also increases product innovation, consumer acceptability, palatability and affordability, while reducing the climate impact of food consumption?

- ✓ Existing projects: RECIPE, AQRIFood, REPLANTED
- ✓ Existing projects related to food products: HyCheese, PLANTITIOUS, WOW-Organic, AlgaeVita, MYCOFLAVOR

Engaging food system actors in dietary shifts – a food systems approach to understanding food producers, processing companies and large food supply actors, such as contract caterers, public procurement and retail, as well as consumers and communities' behaviour and culture in the transition towards sustainable, tasty and nutritious plant-rich dietary patterns.

How can we demonstrate and scale behavioural interventions, food system innovation, and education that enable widespread adoption of plant-rich diets and overcome cultural, social, and knowledge-related barriers?

- ✓ Existing projects: Nudge2Green, FEAST



Inflection point 3:

Nutrient-rich crop production per hectare of agricultural land reaches its highest sustainable yield, while greenhouse gas emissions are significantly reduced, and nitrogen leaching and other environmental contaminants are minimised or completely eliminated by 2045.

The focus areas address the need to transform crop production systems to deliver higher nutritional value per hectare while significantly reducing greenhouse gas emissions, nitrogen losses, and other environmental impacts. This includes protecting groundwater, improving soil health, and advancing the treatment and management of water and soil systems. Achieving this requires a shift from input-intensive production towards more knowledge- and system-based approaches that enhance resource efficiency, ecosystem functioning, and long-term sustainability without compromising productivity or profitability in the food and feed value chain. The focus areas are aligned with key EU strategies, including the European Green Deal, the Farm to Fork Strategy, the EU Soil Strategy, and the Biodiversity Strategy.

Nutrient-dense crops for sustainable diets - developing crop varieties with improved nutritional value, taste and functionalities while maintaining high yield and climate resilience.

How can we improve or develop crop varieties with higher nutritional value, better taste and improved functionalities while increasing resilience to climate change, sustaining high productivity per hectare and reducing the need for external inputs?

✓ Existing projects: SAFEPRO

Integrated and regenerative cropping systems - designing farming systems that improve soil health, biodiversity and climate resilience while maintaining productive agricultural land use for feed and food.

How can we develop, demonstrate and scale, or address barriers to, integrated cropping systems such as regenerative agriculture, agroecology and mixed land-use systems that enhance soil health, biodiversity and climate resilience while remaining economically viable for farmers?

✓ Existing projects: MitiChar



Inflection point 3:

Nutrient-rich crop production per hectare of agricultural land reaches its highest sustainable yield, while greenhouse gas emissions are significantly reduced, and nitrogen leaching and other environmental contaminants are minimised or completely eliminated by 2045.

Precision and digital crop management - using digital technologies and data-driven tools to optimise crop production while reducing environmental impacts.

How can we develop, demonstrate and scale, or address barriers to, precision and data-driven plant production systems that optimise the use of energy, water, nutrients and other inputs while reducing environmental impacts and maintaining farm profitability?

✓ Existing projects: ZeroEmission, FOFE, AIDROPS, REACT, SCALE

Biological and nature-based crop inputs - developing biological solutions that can replace or significantly reduce synthetic fertilisers and pesticides for groundwater protection.

How can we develop, demonstrate and scale, or address barriers to, biological crop protection and fertilisation solutions that enhance soil health, reduce leaching and reduce reliance on synthetic inputs in crop production?

✓ Existing projects: Climate friendly plant biologicals, MyFunBlight





Learning needs and milestones in enablers for change

More than a group of projects

The Food & Bio Cluster Denmark mission project portfolio contains a range of important bricks to build a bridge towards a climate-neutral agricultural and food sector, yet the potential of the mission is not limited to the sum of the project impacts.

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark encompasses the mortar that holds the bricks together and enables a transformative change that no single project can achieve. It represents a unique multi-sectoral collaboration across knowledge institutions, companies, authorities and civil society. The transformative potential lies in new productive collaborations across the mission with authentic engagement from the partners.

To maintain momentum and legitimacy of Food & Bio Cluster Denmark after the merger, clear and transparent governance is important. Reaping the benefits of the mission-oriented approach requires that learning is systemised and embedded in decision making and that the merged organisation integrates the mission-oriented approach.

The following four learning questions will focus Food & Bio Cluster Denmark learnings toward these aims.

” The enablers for change can be viewed as the mortar that holds the bricks in the project portfolio together. Consequently, they each form important partial goals and in different ways support the mission’s progress towards the inflection points.



North Star

Net-zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Danish agricultural and food sector by 2050



Inflection points



Project portfolio

Focus areas

Learning needs



Enablers for change

Learning needs

Milestones

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark's learning needs to improve enablers of change

Multi-sectoral collaboration

Authentic engagement

Transparent and inclusive governance

Strategic learning

Capacity development for working mission-oriented



Which opportunities does the merger create for strengthening cross-sector collaboration and catalysing motivation and engagement among partners, so that we support collaborations that create value and momentum in the mission?



How can we strengthen our governance by clarifying who we are as a mission partnership and who makes decisions on direction and projects, so that our decision-making processes are perceived as transparent, decisive, and motivating for the actors?



How do we systematise the collection of information and knowledge and create a structure for ongoing analysis and learning, so that learning can be translated into both strategic and operational decisions?



How can we develop and integrate the mission-oriented approach in the merged organisation, so that the merger can strengthen the mission's transformative potential?



Enablers for change



Multi-sectoral collaboration & Authentic engagement

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark mission partners are crucial to succeed with the inflection points and contribution to the North Star. Knowledge exchange and learning across partners, projects and activities is therefore important to emphasise and strengthen ecosystem mobilisation.

Learning need

Which opportunities does the merger create for strengthening cross-sector collaboration and catalysing motivation and engagement among partners, so that we support collaborations that create value and momentum in the mission?

Learning focus 2026-2027

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark's focus will be on how physical networks, peer exchange and structured impact dialogue strengthen cross-sector collaboration and engagement. As well as, whether webinars can function as an entry point into mission-oriented innovation for a broader business base.

Milestones

Mission project network:

- ✓ 3 annual network meetings held at partner sites - one for each inflection point (Q3-Q4 2026)
- ✓ Representatives from all funded projects onboarded into the impact framework (Q4 2026)
- ✓ At least 3 documented new cross-project collaborations following network meetings (2027)

Webinar series:

- ✓ 3 annual mission-themed webinars (2027) (only 1 webinar in 2026)
- ✓ 100 total participants annually (2027)
- ✓ 20% of members are aware of mission goal as documented in annual member survey (2027)
- ✓ At least 10 companies engaged in mission-related activities following participation (2027)



Enablers for change



Transparent and inclusive governance

Transparent and inclusive governance is a prerequisite to support the legitimacy of the Food & Bio Cluster Denmark mission partnership, as well as strengthen the ecosystem's commitment to the cause.

Learning need

How can we strengthen our governance by clarifying who we are as a partnership and who makes decisions on direction and projects, so that our decision-making processes are perceived as transparent, decisive, and motivating for the actors?

Learning focus 2026-2027

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark will focus on how role clarity influences perceived legitimacy and trust. As well as how structured public transparency increase perceived legitimacy, clarity and trust in decision-making.

Milestones

Governance charter:

- ✓ Governance map published (Q3 2026).
- ✓ Decision criteria clearly communicated in all calls and across programmes (2027).

Public transparency:

- ✓ A dedicated governance and portfolio transparency section launched on the website (2027).
- ✓ Selection rationale summaries published for all major calls and funding rounds (2027).
- ✓ Annual public "State of the Portfolio" overview published online (2027).



Enablers for change



Strategic learning

Strategic learning is crucial for Food & Bio Cluster Denmark to continuously adapt its activities and coordinate actions.

Learning need

How do we systematise the collection of information and knowledge and create a structure for ongoing analysis and learning, so that learning can be translated into both strategic and operational decisions?

Learning focus 2026-2027

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark will focus on how structured portfolio-level reflection lead to concrete strategic adjustments and improved coherence across funding streams. An important aspect is also to assess how the use of evaluation feedback improves the quality and strategic alignment of future applications. Lastly, and as a result of the merger, Food & Bio Cluster Denmark will look at how structured exchange between mission and cluster activities generate cross-fertilisation and improved programme design.

Milestones

Structured portfolio reflections:

- ✓ Quarterly portfolio reflections include a documented cross-project learning section (Q4 2026)
- ✓ At least one strategic adjustment per year based on portfolio-level learning (Q3 2026)
- ✓ Learning insights summarised in annual reporting (Q2 2026)

Internal improvement of calls:

- ✓ Annual synthesis of evaluation feedback across major calls (2027)
- ✓ At least one concrete adjustment to call design and/or guidance reflecting identified recurring challenges (Q2 2026)

Cross-programme learning:

- ✓ At least one annual joint learning session involving both mission projects and cluster activities (2027)
- ✓ Documented examples of learning transferred between programmes (2027)



Enablers for change



Capacity development for working mission-oriented

Increased capacity building for Food & Bio Cluster Denmark to support our efforts in working mission-oriented internally will strengthen the mission's ability to deliver on the inflection points and North Star.

Learning need

How can we develop and integrate the mission-oriented approach in the merged organisation, so that the merger can strengthen the mission's transformative potential?

Learning focus 2026-2027

Food & Bio Cluster Denmark will focus on developing a shared language and understanding of working mission-oriented to strengthen coherence internally. Furthermore, it will be examined how internal resources can be leveraged to further the mission, create engagement as well as project partners ability to provide impact nationally and internationally through collaboration with other projects and/or programmes in the organisation.

Milestones

Mission logic and onboarding for merged organisation

- ✓ Written description of mission logic across Food & Bio Cluster Denmark organisation and activities (Q2 2026)
- ✓ 100% of staff complete mission onboarding (Q4 2026)
- ✓ Mission and roadmap explicitly integrated into all relevant events and programmes (Q4 2026)
- ✓ At least 20% of innovation activities demonstrate explicit reference to roadmap or impact framework priorities (2027)
- ✓ Relevant FBCD employees are more closely associated with the mission (2027)

Internal alignment and integration of the mission with other parts of the organisation to ensure synergies

- ✓ Updated and aligned goals across activities to the extent possible (2027)
- ✓ Reporting to funding sources includes co-funding and synergies from other activities (2027)
- ✓ At least three mission projects collaborate with other parts of the organisation (2027)
- ✓ At least three project partners have signed up for a membership pr. year (2027)

Focus areas in upcoming calls

The upcoming calls for projects 2026 will fund:

Call 1
~88mdkk

Call 2
~5mdkk

Call 3
~20mdkk

- A1:** Building technical capacity towards impact
- A2:** Addressing barriers to impact
- A3:** Plant Breeding
- A4:** Biogenic Carbon and Alternative Proteins

A5: Food & Bio Cluster Denmark Mission Booster, which covers an adjusted version of the themes A1-A4 above. Boosters are aimed at SME's and therefore the scope is more limited compared to Call 1.

Joint call with FFAR* (US): on methane reducing technologies relating to housing systems and slurry handling.

**FFAR: Foundation for Food & Agriculture Research in the USA, will match FBCD's investment with 20 mdkk.*



Methane mitigation technologies for livestock

that significantly reduce methane emissions from livestock production systems

Call 1, 2 & 3



Ensuring a healthy and nutritious dietary transition

that supports the transition across different population groups



Nutrient-dense crops for sustainable diets

for crop varieties with improved nutritional value

Call 1

Precision and digital crop management

to optimise crop production while reducing environmental impacts

Call 1 & 2

Biological and nature-based crop inputs

solutions that can replace or significantly reduce synthetic fertilisers and pesticides

Call 1 & 2

Integrated and regenerative cropping systems

that improve soil health, biodiversity and climate resilience while maintaining productive agricultural land use



Circular manure and biomass systems

that transform livestock manure and biomass streams into valuable resources

Call 1



Engaging food system actors in dietary shifts

a food systems approach towards sustainable and plant-rich dietary patterns

Call 1

Integrated farm-level methane mitigation systems

that combine multiple existing or upcoming mitigation approaches



Implementation pathways and adoption models

that enable rapid implementation

Call 1

About this publication

This second edition of Food & Bio Cluster Denmark's Impact Framework (April 2024) is developed and published by Food & Bio Cluster Denmark - supported by Innovation Fund Denmark.

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